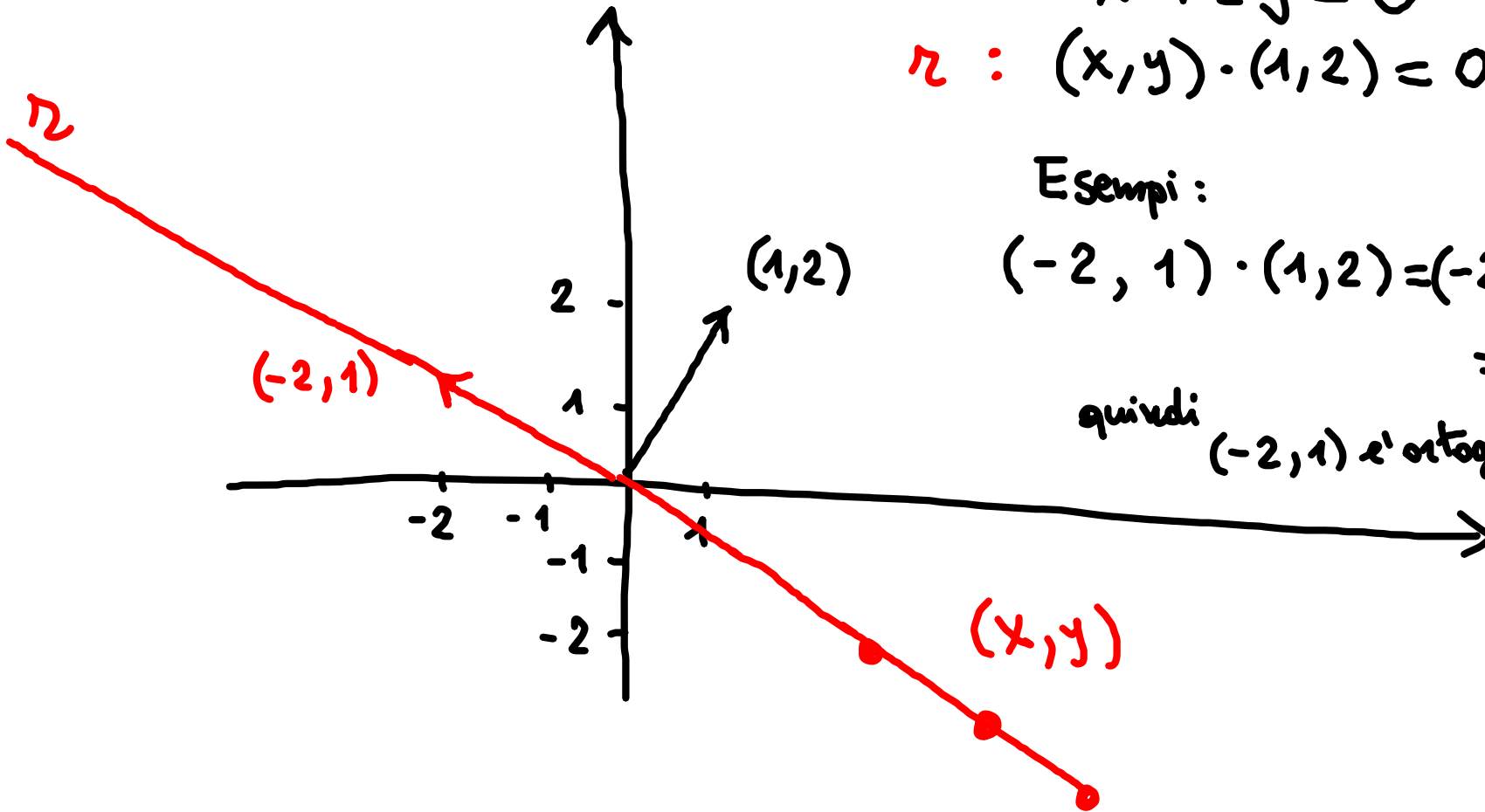


$$x + 2y = 0$$
$$r : (x, y) \cdot (1, 2) = 0$$

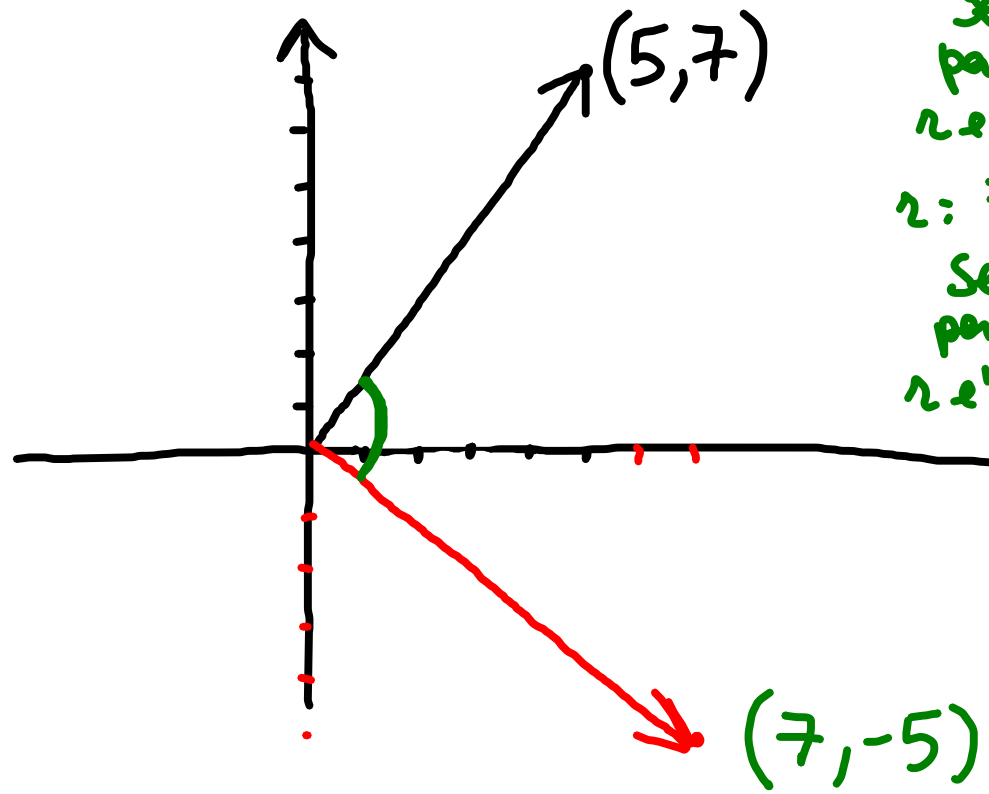
Esempi :

$$(-2, 1) \cdot (1, 2) = (-2) \cdot 1 + 1 \cdot 2$$
$$= -2 + 2 = 0$$

quindi $(-2, 1)$ è ortogonale a $(1, 2)$



$(7, -5)$



Se r e' una retta
parallela a $(5, 7)$,
 r e' del tipo
 $r: 7x - 5y + c = 0$
Se r e' una retta
perpendicolare $(5, -7)$,
 r e' del tipo $5x - 7y + c = 0$

retta perpendicolare
a $(5, -7)$

$$5x - 7y = 0$$

$$(5, -7) \cdot (x, y) = 0$$

